Board of Directors Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited the financial statements of Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2024. We have previously communicated to you information about our responsibilities under auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit in our engagement agreement dated August 2, 2024. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant audit findings or issues

Qualitative aspects of accounting practices

Accounting policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2024.

We noted no transactions entered into by the entity during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no accounting estimates affecting the financial statements which were particularly sensitive or required substantial judgments by management.

<u>Financial statement</u> disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There were no particularly sensitive financial statement disclosures.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Significant unusual transactions

We identified no significant unusual transactions.

Difficulties encountered in performing the audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Board of Directors Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers Page 2

Uncorrected misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management did not identify and we did not notify them of any uncorrected financial statement misstatements.

Corrected misstatements

None of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with management

For purposes of this communication, a disagreement with management is a disagreement on a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. No such disagreements arose during our audit.

Management representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 21, 2024.

Management consultations with other independent accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the entity's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Significant issues discussed with management prior to engagement

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to engagement as the entity's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our engagement.

Other audit findings or issues

We have provided a separate communication to you dated November 21, 2024, communicating internal control related matters identified during the audit.

Board of Directors Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers Page 3

* * *

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors and management of Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 21, 2024



Board of Directors and Management Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers Minneapolis, Minnesota

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the entity's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to fraud or error may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Material weakness

We consider the following deficiencies in the entity's internal control to be material weaknesses.

Financial reporting process

The board of directors and management share the ultimate responsibility for the Organization's internal control system. While it is acceptable to outsource various accounting functions, the responsibility for internal control cannot be outsourced. The Organization engages CliftonLarsonAllen LLP (CLA) to assist in preparing its financial statements and accompanying disclosures. However, as independent auditors, CLA cannot be considered part of the Organization's internal control system. As part of its internal control over the preparation of its financial statements, including disclosures, the Organization has implemented a comprehensive review procedure to ensure that the financial statements, including disclosures, are completed accurately. Such review procedures should be performed by an individual possessing a thorough understanding of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the knowledge of the Organization's activities and operations. The Organization's personnel have not monitored recent accounting developments to the extent necessary to enable them to prepare the Organization's financial statements and related disclosures, to provide a high level of assurance that potential omissions or other errors that are material would be identified and corrected on a timely basis.

Board of Directors and Management Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers Page 2

Other deficiencies in internal control and other matters

During our audit, we became aware of other deficiencies in internal control and other matters that are opportunities to strengthen your internal control and improve the efficiency of your operations. While the nature and magnitude of the other deficiencies in internal control were not considered important enough to merit the attention of the board of directors, they are considered of sufficient importance to merit management's attention and are included herein to provide a single, comprehensive communication for both those charged with governance and management.

Review of manual journal entries

It was noted there is no procedure for manual journal entries to be reviewed by someone other than the preparer. We recommend someone other than the preparer periodically review and document their review of journal entries to ensure proper segregation of duties.

Review of cash receipts

We noted during testing that one individual is responsible for opening the mail, making deposits, recording deposits, and reconciling deposits. We also noted during testing that there was no formal review over the cash receipts process. We recommend the Organization consider documenting a verification of contributions received in a log and review of the deposit amounts between the cash receipt log, the bank account deposits, and the general ledger to ensure proper segregation of duties. We also recommend the Organization consider utilizing the donor database functions of one of its key applications to maintain a record of contributions outside of the general ledger software, with a periodic reconciliation between the two systems to provide additional assurance that contributed revenue is complete and accurate.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various entity personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

* * *

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, board of directors, and others within the entity, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 21, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023



LAWYERS CONCERNED FOR LAWYERS TABLE OF CONTENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers St. Paul, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers as of June 30, 2024, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Organization for the year ended June 30, 2023, were audited by another auditor, who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on March 21, 2024.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 21, 2024

LAWYERS CONCERNED FOR LAWYERS STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024			2023
ASSETS				
CUDDENT ACCETS				
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	591,884	\$	533,064
Grants Receivable	Ψ	10,461	Ψ	52,042
Contributions Receivable		-		100
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		6,601		6,641
Total Current Assets		608,946		591,847
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		07.050		07.050
Furniture and Equipment		67,859		67,859
Leasehold Improvements		2,147		2,147
Website Development Costs		11,250		11,250
Total Property and Equipment, Cost		81,256		81,256
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(65,795)		(58,224)
Property and Equipment, Net		15,461		23,032
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Security Deposit		3,786		3,786
Right-of-Use Asset - Operating		84,444		103,677
Total Noncurrent Assets		88,230		107,463
Total Assets	\$	712,637	\$	722,342
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES	φ	11 110	φ	10.000
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses	\$	11,142 6,789	\$	10,089 8,352
Operating Lease Liability, Current Portion		33,019		31,658
Total Current Liabilities		50,950		50,099
Total Current Liabilities		30,930		50,099
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Operating Lease Liability, Net of Current Portion		53,980		73,620
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		53,980		73,620
Total Liabilities		104,930		123,719
		,		, •
NET ASSETS				
Without Donor Restrictions		534,134		532,706
With Donor Restrictions		73,573		65,917
Total Net Assets		607,707		598,623
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	¢	710 607	¢	700 040
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	712,637	\$	722,342

LAWYERS CONCERNED FOR LAWYERS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Without Donor Restrictions						Total
SUPPORT AND REVENUE	-						
Support							
Contributions	\$	103,134	\$	9,440	\$ 112,574		
Government Grants		611,500		-	611,500		
Special Events, Net of Direct Benefit							
Expenses of \$36,060		31,795			 31,795		
Total Support		746,429		9,440	755,869		
Revenue							
Program Fees and Honoraria		2,160		-	2,160		
Other Revenue		542		-	542		
Interest Income		2,683			 2,683		
Total Revenue		5,385		-	 5,385		
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		1,784		(1,784)			
Total Support and Revenue		753,598		7,656	761,254		
EXPENSES		X					
Program Services		598,423		-	598,423		
Supporting Services							
Management and General		134,272		-	134,272		
Fundraising		19,475			 19,475		
Total Supporting Services		153,747			153,747		
Total Expenses		752,170			 752,170		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		1,428		7,656	9,084		
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		532,706		65,917	 598,623		
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	534,134	\$	73,573	\$ 607,707		

LAWYERS CONCERNED FOR LAWYERS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions				Total
SUPPORT AND REVENUE	_			•			
Support							
Contributions	\$ 94,213	\$	7,725	\$	101,938		
Government Grants	596,556		· -		596,556		
Special Events, Net of Direct Benefit							
Expenses of \$28,830	32,970		_		32,970		
Total Support	723,739		7,725		731,464		
Revenue							
Program Fees and Honoraria	7,965		-		7,965		
Other Revenue	966		-		966		
Interest Income	1,996		-		1,996		
Total Revenue	10,927		-		10,927		
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	 5,291		(5,291)		-		
Total Support and Revenue	739,957		2,434		742,391		
EXPENSES	X						
Program Services	542,740		-		542,740		
Supporting Services							
Management and General	111,130		-		111,130		
Fundraising	 19,213		-		19,213		
Total Supporting Services	130,343		-		130,343		
Total Expenses	 673,083				673,083		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	66,874		2,434		69,308		
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 465,832		63,483		529,315		
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 532,706	\$	65,917	\$	598,623		

LAWYERS CONCERNED FOR LAWYERS STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Supporting Services								
	Program Services			nagement d General	Fu	ndraising		Total upporting Services	Total
Personnel Costs:									
Salaries and Wages	\$	348,816	\$	71,447	\$	9,867	\$	81,314	\$ 430,130
Payroll Taxes		27,023		5,510		761		6,271	33,294
Employee Benefits		39,445		10,405	<u> </u>	1,196		11,601	 51,046
Total Personnel Costs		415,284		87,362		11,824		99,186	514,470
Expenses:									
Mental and Chemical Health Services		67,306		-		-		-	67,306
Rent		49,911		10,177		1,406		11,583	61,494
Special Event - Direct Benefit Expenses		-				36,060		36,060	36,060
Professional Fees		2,516	_	28,387		-		28,387	30,903
Public Awareness		16,034		635		5,077		5,712	21,746
Office Supplies and Equipment		10,398		1,989		640		2,629	13,027
Travel		11,783		-		-		-	11,783
Insurance		6,561		2,969		162		3,131	9,692
Telephone and Internet		6,864		1,400		193		1,593	8,457
Staff Development		5,621		100				100	 5,721
Expenses Before Depreciation		592,278		133,019	·	55,362		188,381	780,659
Depreciation		6,145		1,253		173		1,426	 7,571
Total Expenses		598,423		134,272		55,535		189,807	788,230
Less: Expenses Netted with Revenue on the Statement of Activities: Special Event - Direct Benefit Expenses		-		_		(36,060)		(36,060)	(36,060)
Total Expenses by Function	\$	598,423	\$	134,272	\$	19,475	\$	153,747	\$ 752,170
		79.6%		17.8%		2.6%		20.4%	100.0%

LAWYERS CONCERNED FOR LAWYERS STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Supporting Services										
	Program Services		=			nagement d General	Fu	ndraising		Total upporting Services	Total
Personnel Costs:											
Salaries and Wages	\$	303,459	\$	65,276	\$	9,015	\$	74,291	\$ 377,750		
Payroll Taxes		23,032		4,954		684		5,638	28,670		
Employee Benefits		34,824		10,063	<u> </u>	1,152		11,215	 46,039		
Total Personnel Costs		361,315		80,293		10,851		91,144	452,459		
Expenses:											
Mental and Chemical Health Services		59,914				-		-	59,914		
Rent		52,063		11,199		1,548		12,747	64,810		
Special Event - Direct Benefit Expenses		-				28,830		28,830	28,830		
Professional Fees		6,424	_	9,689		-		9,689	16,113		
Public Awareness		14,557	•	419		5,082		5,501	20,058		
Office Supplies and Equipment		12,138		3,173		1,112		4,285	16,423		
Travel		9,193		-		-		-	9,193		
Insurance		5,993		2,798		178		2,976	8,969		
Telephone and Internet		6,955		1,496		207		1,703	8,658		
Staff Development		6,292		365				365	 6,657		
Expenses Before Depreciation		534,844		109,432		47,808		157,240	692,084		
Depreciation		7,896		1,698		235		1,933	9,829		
Total Expenses		542,740		111,130		48,043		159,173	701,913		
Less: Expenses Netted with Revenue on the Statement of Activities: Special Event - Direct Benefit Expenses		-		_		(28,830)		(28,830)	(28,830)		
Total Expenses by Function	\$	542,740	\$	111,130	\$	19,213	\$	130,343	\$ 673,083		
		80.6%		16.5%		2.9%		19.4%	100.0%		

LAWYERS CONCERNED FOR LAWYERS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

		2024	2023		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Change in Net Assets	\$	9,084	\$	69,308	
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to					
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation and Amortization		7,571		9,829	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:					
Grants Receivable		41,581		11,162	
Contributions Receivable		100		400	
Miscellaneous Receivable		-		5,000	
Prepaid Expenses		40		(40)	
Right-of-Use Asset - Operating		19,233		31,027	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		1,053		1,801	
Accrued Expenses		(1,563)		3,935	
Deferred Rent		-		(5,513)	
Lease Liability		(18,279)		(29,426)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		58,820		97,483	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchases of Property and Equipment		-		(5,150)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		-		(5,150)	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		58,820		92,333	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		533,064		440,731	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	591,884	\$	533,064	
	\$	-			

NOTE 1 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities

Lawyers Concerned For Lawyers (the Organization) was organized August 1, 1976 and has been determined to be a charitable, nonprofit organization exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Organization serves as Minnesota's Lawyers assistance program. The Organization offers free, confidential help to lawyers, judges, law students and their immediate family members affected by alcohol and/or drug abuse, other addictions, depression and other mental illness, stress and other life-related problems and any condition which negatively affects the quality of one's life at work or at home. The Organization provides professional and peer assistance including up to four free counseling sessions and referrals to other professional services as well as mentoring and other support. The Organization also offers workshops and other programs to lawyers which qualify for continuing legal education credits. In addition to funds from the grant agreement with the Legal Services Advisory Committee (LSAC), funding has come from contributions by members and nonmembers in the legal profession and by grants from foundations and firms interested in this program.

The Organization has an agreement with the Legal Services Advisory Committee, an instrumentality of the Minnesota Supreme Court, to establish and operate a "Lawyer Assistance Program" (LAP) to provide consultation and assessments and facilitate access to extended mental health and chemical dependency services to Minnesota lawyers and their families, and in connection therewith, to coordinate the activities of the volunteer network of the Organization for peer support. This agreement is effective through June 30, 2025.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Net assets, revenues, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the Organization and related changes are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Resources over which the Board has discretionary control are net assets without donor restrictions.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Resources subject to donor-imposed stipulations that require they be maintained permanently or that may or will be met by actions of the Organization and/or the passage of time are net assets with donor restrictions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTE 1 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization considers unrestricted currency, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents. The Organization maintains cash balances with quality financial institutions. At any point in time, bank balances may exceed FDIC insurance limits.

Grants Receivable

Grants receivable are stated at net realizable value. Grants receivable are individually analyzed for collectability. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided as grants receivable are considered collectible based on management's estimate and past history of the Organization with the grantor agency. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Organization had \$10,461 and \$52,042 in grants receivable, respectively.

Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable consist of promises to give and contributions made by donors to supporting organizations for the Organization but had not been received by the Organization prior to June 30, 2024 and 2023. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided as contributions receivable are all considered collectible. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, contributions receivable of \$-0- and \$100, respectively, were receivable in less than one year.

Website Development Costs

Website development costs are stated at cost; purchases in excess of \$500 are capitalized. Planning stage costs, costs of training and site maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets owned by the Organization are stated at cost if purchased and at fair value if donated. The Organization capitalizes all fixed assets with a cost of \$500 or more at the date of donation if received by contribution. Additions and improvements are capitalized while maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation for leasehold improvements is calculated over the estimated useful life or over the remaining term of the lease, whichever is shorter. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Furniture and Equipment 5 to 7 Years Leasehold Improvements 5 to 7 Years Website Development Costs 5 to 15 Years

Depreciation expense was \$7,571 and \$9,829 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

NOTE 1 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases

The Organization leases office space and equipment. The Organization determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets, other current liabilities, and operating lease liabilities on the balance sheets. Finance leases are included in property and equipment, other current liabilities, and other long-term liabilities on our balance sheets.

ROU assets represent the Organization's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Organization's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Organization uses risk-free rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives. The lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Organization will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Organization has elected to recognize payments for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as expense as incurred and these leases are not included as lease liabilities or right of use assets on the balance sheet.

The Organization has elected not to separate non-lease components from lease components and instead accounts for each separate lease component and the non-lease component as a single lease component.

Functional Expense Allocation

The costs of providing programs and activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of functional expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among program and the supporting services benefited. The allocation of expenses has been determined by management on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Salaries and related expenses are allocated based on job descriptions and the best estimate of management. Expenses, other than salaries and related expenses, which are not directly identifiable by program or supporting service, are allocated based on the best estimates of management.

NOTE 1 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue and Revenue Recognition

The Organization recognizes contributions when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or a notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier, and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met.

A portion of the Organization's revenue is derived from cost-reimbursable contracts and grants, which are conditioned upon the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Amounts received are recognized as revenue when the organization has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as refundable advances in the statement of financial position. The Organization received cost-reimbursable grants of \$625,000 for which qualifying expenditures have not yet been incurred for the years ended June 30, 2024.

The organization recognizes revenue from Program Fees and Honoraria when the performance obligations of transferring the products and providing the services are met.

Advertising

The Organization uses advertising to promote public awareness and further its program purpose, as well as post job opportunities within the Organization. Advertising costs are expensed when incurred. Expenses for advertising were \$2,779 and \$1,681 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are classified in public awareness in the accompanying statements of functional expense.

Income Taxes

Lawyers Concerned For Lawyers is a nonprofit corporation as described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal and state income taxes. Lawyers Concerned For Lawyers does not have any significant unrelated business income that would be subject to tax.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through November 21, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 CONCENTRATIONS

A major portion of the Organization's support is received from the Legal Services Advisory Committee. The loss of this funding source would have an adverse effect on the Organization. During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Legal Services Advisory Committee contributed \$611,500 and \$596,556, respectively. These contributions accounted for approximately 80% of total support and revenue for both the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

NOTE 3 JOINT COSTS

Following joint allocation accounting guidelines, Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers has prepared an analysis of its statewide mailings, to allocate the expenses attributable to the various functional expenses, program services, and fundraising. This analysis resulted in the following allocation of the public awareness expense for the years ended June 30:

	 2024	 2023
Program Services	\$ 8,854	\$ 9,358
Fundraising	 5,051	5,164
Total Functional Expenses	\$ 13,905	\$ 14,522

NOTE 4 LEASES

Effective January 1, 2020, the Organization entered into a property lease agreement with Court International, LLC that calls for monthly base payments of approximately \$2,608-\$3,114 and is set to expire in January 2027. The agreement also provides that the Organization is responsible for the property's incurred real estate taxes, insurance premiums and attributable operating expenses. The Organization has determined that this lease is an operating lease.

The ROU lease asset and corresponding lease liability were calculated utilizing a risk-free discount rate of 3.96%, according to the Organization's elected policy. The Organization's lease agreement does not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

Additional information about the Organization's lease for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

		2024	2023
Lease Expense:		_	_
Operating Lease Expense	\$	35,487	\$ 35,179
Short-Term Lease Expense		-	29,180
Total Lease Expense	\$	35,487	\$ 64,359
Other Information:			
Cash Paid for Amounts Included in the			
Measurement of Lease Liabilities			
Operating Cash Flows from Operating Leases	\$	34,715	\$ 34,119
ROU Assets Obtained in Exchange for New			
Operating Lease Liabilities	\$	-	\$ 132,162
Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term -			
Operating Leases	:	2.50 Years	3.08 Years
Weighted-Average Discount Rate -			
Operating Leases		3.96%	3.96%

NOTE 4 LEASES (CONTINUED

Maturities of operating lease liabilities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2025	\$ 35,756
2026	36,829
2027	 18,687
Total Undiscounted Cash Flows	 91,272
Less: Present Value	 (4,273)
Total Lease Liabilities	\$ 86,999

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLAN

The Organization established a retirement plan pursuant to section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code effective January 1, 2006. Employees are eligible to make elective salary deferrals under the plan and share in the Organization's contributions to the plan upon attaining age 21 and completing one year of eligibility service. The Organization provides a mandatory matching contribution of 100% of the first 3% that an employee contributes to the plan. The Organization may, in its sole discretion, elect to make additional employer contributions for any plan year. Employees are fully vested in the Organization's contributions to the plan after three years of service; employees are immediately vested in their contributions to the plan. Retirement expense was \$9,319 and \$7,677 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and is classified in employee benefits in the accompanying statements of functional expenses.

NOTE 6 NET ASSETS

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of the following as of June 30:

	 2024	 2023
Founders Memorial Fund	\$ 70,198	\$ 62,542
Advertising and Contract Services for		
Program Service Expansion	 3,375	 3,375
Total Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	\$ 73,573	\$ 65,917

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by occurrence of the passage of time or other events specified by the donors as follows for the years ended June 30:

	 2024	2023		
Advertising and Contract Services for	_		_	
Program Service Expansion	\$ 1,784	\$	2,913	
Program Service Expansion Project	-		2,378	
Total Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	\$ 1,784	\$	5,291	

NOTE 7 LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The following reflects the Organization's financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year of June 30:

	 2024		2023	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 591,884	\$	533,064	
Grants Receivable	10,461		52,042	
Contributions Receivable	 =		100	
Total Financial Assets	602,345		585,206	
Less Amounts Unavailable for General Expenditures				
Within One Year Due to:				
Donor Restrictions	 (73,573)		(65,917)	
Financial Assets Available to Meet Cash Needs	 			
for General Expenditures Within One Year	\$ 528,772	\$	519,289	

The Organization is primarily funded by grants and contributions from donors without donor restrictions and with donor restrictions. Donor restrictions require that resources be used in a certain manner or in a future period; therefore, the Organization must maintain adequate resources to meet those responsibilities to its donors and certain financial assets may not be available for general expenditure within one year. As part of the Organization's liquidity management, the Organization strives to structure their financial assets to be available as their general expenditures, liabilities and other obligations become due. In addition, the Organization invests cash in excess of short-term requirements in a savings account or short-term certificates of deposit.